A method for reducing defect levels in photomasks comprising:
providing a photomask having patterned metal layers;
treating the photomask to a cleaning process consisting of:
 a solution of ammonium hydroxide, hydrogen peroxide and water

ultrasonic agitation;

maintained at a constant temperature range;

an exposure time greater than 6 minutes;

removing particles and residues greater than about 0.2 microns while removing a minimal amount of patterned metal layer or layers; and

exercising the cleaning process on a patricular photomask for a multiple number cleaning cycles without degradation of the photomask.

- 2. The method of Claim 1 wherein the ratio of reagents ammonium hydroxide:hydrogen peroxide:water of the cleaning solution is from about 1:1:200 to about 1:1:20 respectively by volume.
- The method of Claim 1 wherein the minimal amount of metal layer or layers removed during cleaning results in less than 6.3% increase in optical transmission.
- 4. The method of Claim 1 wherein the constant temperature range of the cleaning solution is from about 15 degrees centigrade to about 60 degrees centigrade.
- 5. The method of Claim 1 wherein the pH of the cleaning solution is maintained at an alkaline level above a value of about 8.
- 6. The method of Claim 1 wherein the number of multiple cleaning cycles exercised on a particular photomask without degradation is greater than about ten cleaning cycles.
- 7. A method for attenuating yield loss in fabrication of microelectronics fabrications employing phase shift phoptomasks by reducing defect levels in said photomasks comprising:

providing a phase shift photomask having patterned metal layers;

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providing a phase shift photomask having patterned metal layers; treating the phase shift photomask to a cleaning process consisting of: a solution of ammonium hydroxide and hydrogen peroxide in water maintained within a constant temperature range;

ultrasonic agitation; and

an exposure time greater than about six minutes;

removing particles greater than about 0.2 microns while removing a mnimal amount of patterned metal layers; and

exercising the cleaning procedure on a particular phase shift photomask for a multiple number of cleaning cycles without degradation of the phase shift photomask.

- The method of claim 7 wherein the phase shift mask is formed of patterned layers of chromium and molybdenum silicon alloy.
- 9. The method of Claim 7 wherein the ratio of reagents ammonium hydroxide:hydrogen peroxide:water in the cleaning solution ranges from about 1:1:200 to about 1:1:20 by volume respectively.
- 10. The method of Claim 7 whereby the minimal amount of metal layers removed by the cleaning process is equivalent to less than about 6.3% increase in optical transmittance.
- 11. The method of Claim 7 whereby the constant temperature range of the cleaning solution is from about 15 degrees centigrade to about 60 degrees centigrade.
- 12. The method of Claim 6 wherein the pH of the cleaning solution is maintained at an alkaline level greater than a value of about 8.
- 13. The method of claim 7 wherein the number of cleaning cycles which may be exercised on a particular phase shift photomask without degradation is greater than ten cycles.